

(Micro & nano-) Electronics in Europe ??? Step by step to a bright future ? ????

Where do we stand: EU 2020, KET, H2020 (FP 8), JTI,....

Nano-Tec 6/11/2012

Dirk Beernaert European Commission DG CONNECT - Adviser for Interdisciplinary and Integrating Activities





(partial update of presentation Nanotec 1/2011):

EU2020: A new momentum for Nano-electronics in Europe ?!

- What is going-on at the higher policy level in the Commission? - update
- □ Horizon 2020 update
- □ A strategy for electronic components in Europe !?
- □ Immediate opportunities (next calls)

To conclude

From 10 year Lisbon Strategy ... to EUROPE 2020

UPDATE VISION TO POST-CRISIS WORLD

• IMPROVE DELIVERY

EUROPE 2020: A EU strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth

• Smart Growth: knowledge and innovation economy

• **Sustainable growth:** greener and competitive economy

• **Inclusive growth:** high employment, knowledge people and social and territorial cohesion







<u>5 EU Targets</u> – translated into national ones

7 Flagship initiatives – EU & national action

COMMUNICATION FROM THE COMMISSION COM(2010) 2020

http://ec.europa.eu/eu2020/pdf/COMPLET%20EN%20BARROSO%20%20%20007%20-%20Europe%202020%20-%20EN%20version.pdf

A European strategy for smart, sustainable and inclusive growth

From 10 year Lisbon Strategy ... to EUROPE 2020

EUROPE 2020: A EU strategy for smart, sustaip

- Smart Growth: knowledge and innov
- Sustainable growth: greener and
- financial • Inclusive growth: high employ people and social and territorial col



economic crises later visions. . tis all about or own and it 5 EU Targe 7 Flagship

goals

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A European strategy for smart sustainable and inclusive growth

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Europe 2020: 5 EU Headline Targets

(translated in national and regional ones)

By 2020:

- 75 % (now 69) employment rate (% of population aged 20-64 years)
- 3% (now 1,8) Investment in R&D (% of EU's GDP)
- "20/20/20" climate/energy targets met (incl. 30% emissions reduction if conditions are right)
- < 10% (now 15) early school leavers & min. 40% (now 31) hold tertiary degree
- 20 million less people (now 80) should be at risk of poverty



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4 years)



Political framework: Europe 2020

7 flagships

- Digital Agenda for Europe
- Youth on the move
- Innovation Union
- An industrial policy for the globalisation era
- New skills for jobs
- European Platform against poverty
- Resource efficient Europe





la Flagships laiso at n is monitored **Political framework: Euro**

7 flagships

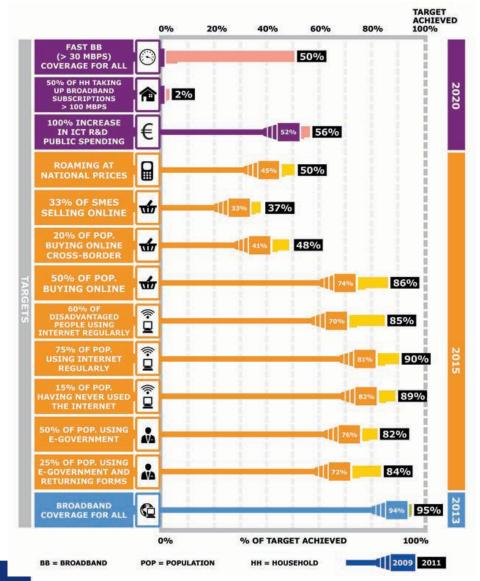
Digital Agenda for Europe

- Youth on the move
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- European Plà
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Digital Agenda Scoreboard

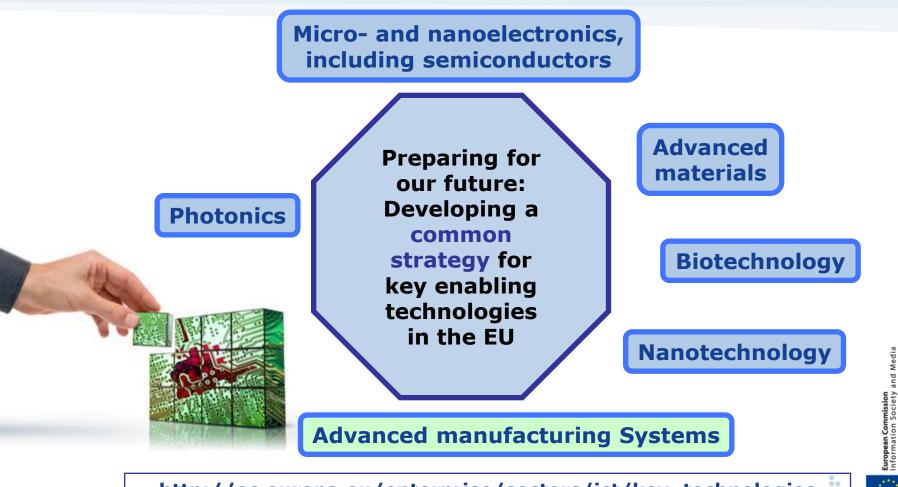
- Annual state of play of progress in all 101 Digital Agenda actions in all 27 EU Member States
- Overall progress good:
 - 38 actions completed
 - 49 on track
 - 14 actions behind schedule, but delivery dates in 2012
 - Forthcoming DAE Review will provide analysis



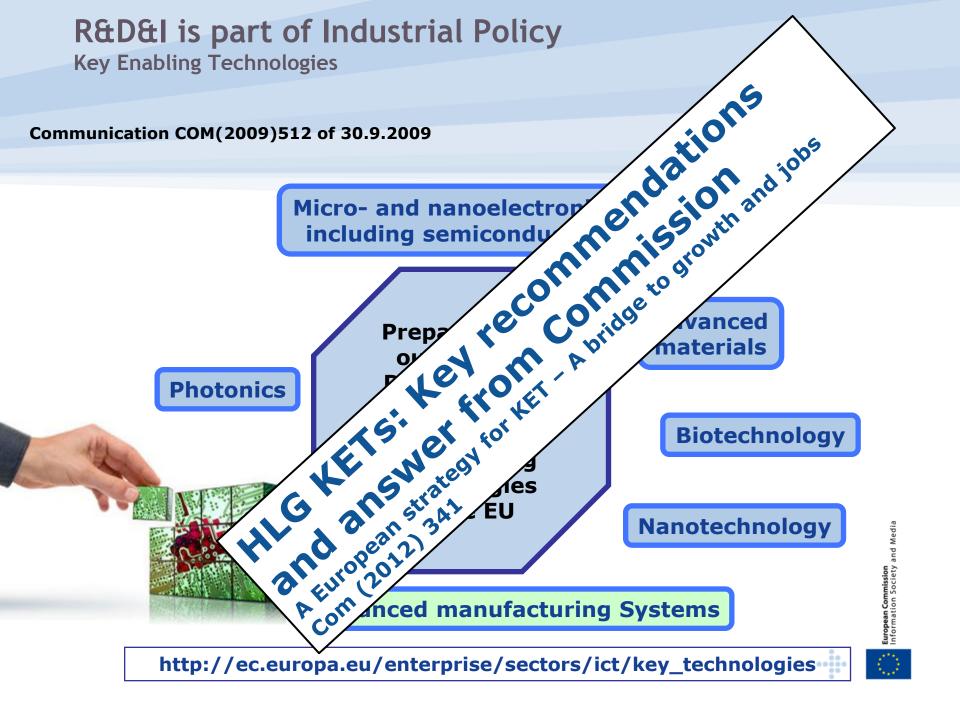
R&D&I is part of Industrial Policy

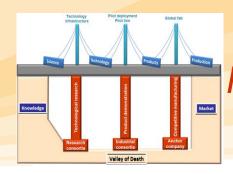
Key Enabling Technologies

Communication COM(2009)512 of 30.9.2009



http://ec.europa.eu/enterprise/sectors/ict/key_technologies





Main Industry Recommendations

Innovation made in Europe

- Ecosystem, based on advanced skills & knowledge (involving large and small Cie, institutes, political will,)
- Manufacturing is important for employment, Europe as global technology provider and access for European customers.

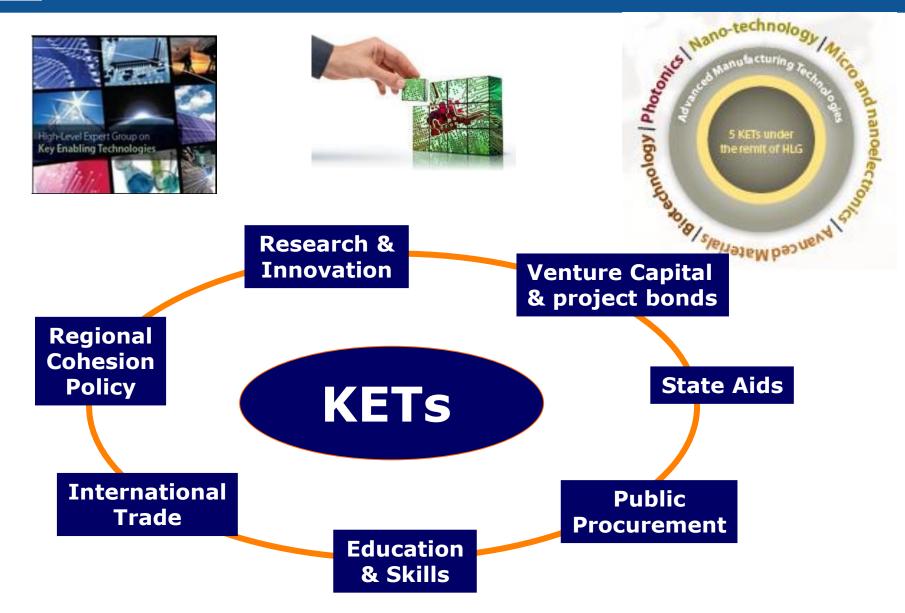


Final Report

- Beyond lab-scale technology demonstrators ... towards marketable products! (3-pillar bridge)
- Improve climate for investments, rethinking financing R&D and innovation, state aid ,... vis-à-vis the global competition
- Integrated approach: R&D&I in all KETs, exploring their combinations and interfaces (X-KET, multi-KET), addressing whole the value chain



European Commission



What is Horizon 2020?



Response to the economic crisis to invest in future jobs and growth and competiveness

- Addressing peoples' concerns about their livelihoods, safety and environment
- Strengthening the EU's global position in research, innovation, technology and manufacturing

H2020: not business as usual !

- More innovation: research + innovation + VC, support high-tech SMEs & nontraditional actors,
- Focus on societal challenges, e.g. health, energy and transport
- **Simplified access**, for all companies, universities, institutes in all EU countries and beyond, light, open, fast bottom-up experimentation.
- More evidence based and more risk taking, participative processes by all, more experimentation





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EC proposal: 80 B€

Horizon 2020

8,5 % of MFF 2014+ (1083 B€ - 1.1% GNI) (and Education and Cohesion Policy: 336 B€ of which large % innovation)



Societal challenges

Health & Ageing, Energy, Transport, Resource Efficiency, Climate Challenge, ...

Industrial Leadership

Leadership in Enabling Technologies (ICT, Nanotechnology materials, Biotechnology, Production Technologies, ...)

Excellent Science

ERC, Marie Curie actions, FETs, Research infrastructures

http://ec.europa.eu/research/horizon2020

A Single Program: from ideas to the market



Priority 1 Excellent science

HO

Why:

- World class science is the foundation of tomorrow's technologies, jobs and wellbeing
- Europe needs to develop, attract and retain research talent
- Researchers need access to the best infrastructures





2020



P1 - Proposed funding (million euro, 2014-2020)

<i>European Research Council</i> Frontier research by the best individual teams	13 268
<i>Future and Emerging Technologies</i> Collaborative research to open new fields of innovation	3 100
<i>Marie Curie actions</i> Opportunities for training and career development	5 572
Research infrastructures (including e- infrastructure) Ensuring access to world-class facilities	2 478



Total: 24,4 B€







Priority 2. Industrial leadership *Why:*

•Strategic investments in key technologies (e.g. advanced manufacturing, microelectronics) underpin innovation across existing and emerging sectors

•Europe needs to attract more private investment in research and innovation

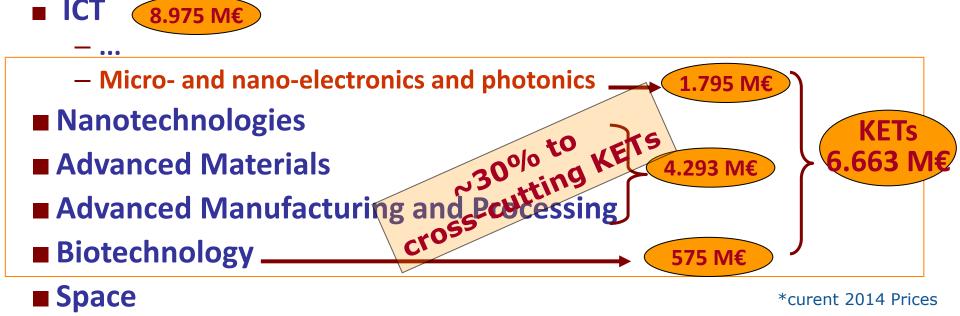
•Europe needs more industry (innovative SMEs) to create growth and jobs



Industrial Leadership in KETs



Creating Industrial Leadership & Competitive Frameworks in enabling (incl. KET) and industrial technologies



Other ICT technologies: Advanced embedded systems and smart systems; Advanced computing systems and technologies; Future Internet: Infrastructures, technologies and services; Content technologies and creativity; Robotics and smart spaces



P2 - Proposed funding (million euro, 2014-2020)

Leadership in enabling and industrial technologies (ICT, nanotechnologies, materials, biotechnology, manufacturing, space)	13 781
Access to risk finance Leveraging private finance and venture capital for research and innovation	3 538
Innovation in SMEs Fostering all forms of innovation in all types of SMEs	619 complemented by 6 829 (expected 15% of societal challenges + LEIT) and 'Access to risk finance' with strong SME focus

Total: 17,9 B€







Priority 3. Societal challenges

Why:





- Concerns of citizens and society/EU policy objectives (climate, environment, energy, transport etc. cannot be achieved without innovation)
- Breakthrough solutions come from multidisciplinary collaborations, including social sciences & humanities
- Promising solutions need to be tested, demonstrated and scaled up



P3 - Proposed funding (million euro, 2014-2020)

Health, demographic change and wellbeing	8 033
Food security, sustainable agriculture, marine and maritime research & the bioeconomy	4 152
Inclusive, innovative and secure societies	3 819
Climate action, resource efficiency and raw materials	3 160
Smart, green and integrated transport	6 802
Secure, clean and efficient energy*	5 782

*Additional €1 788m for nuclear safety and security from the Euratom Treaty activities (2014-2018). Does not include ITER.





Role of the EIT and JRC in Horizon

<i>European Institute Technology (EIT)</i> Combining research, innovation & training in knowledge and Innovation Communities	1 360+ 1 440*
Joint Research Centre (JRC)** Providing a robust, evidence base for EU policies	1 962

*Second tranche pro rata from LEIT and Societal challenges (subject to review)

**Additional €656 m for the JRC to be funded from the Euratom Treaty activities



Next steps

Ongoing:	Parliament and Council negotiations on the basis of the Commission proposals
Ongoing:	Parliament and Council negotiations on EU budget 2014-2020 (including overall budget for Horizon 2020)
Ongoing	Final calls under 7th Framework Programme for research to bridge gap towards Horizon 2020
Mid 2013:	Adoption of legislative acts by Parliament and Council on Horizon 2020
6-8/11 2013:	ICT in H2020 Launch Conference, Vilnius, Lithuania Launch of first calls
1/1/2014:	Horizon 2020 starts

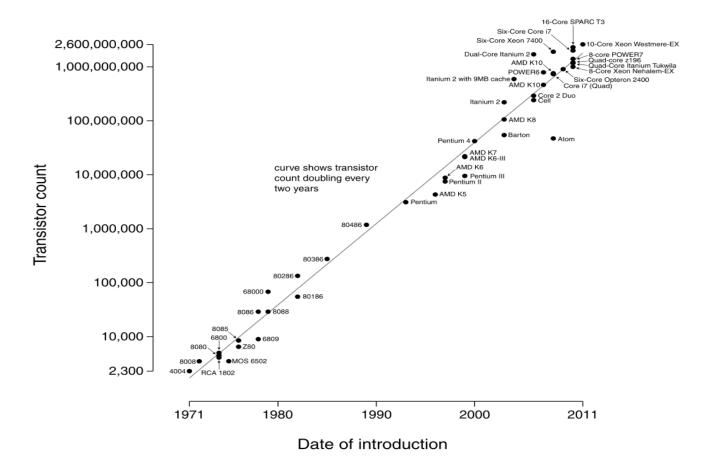
 $HORIZ \otimes N2020$





A strategy for components in Europe? Following Moore's law but

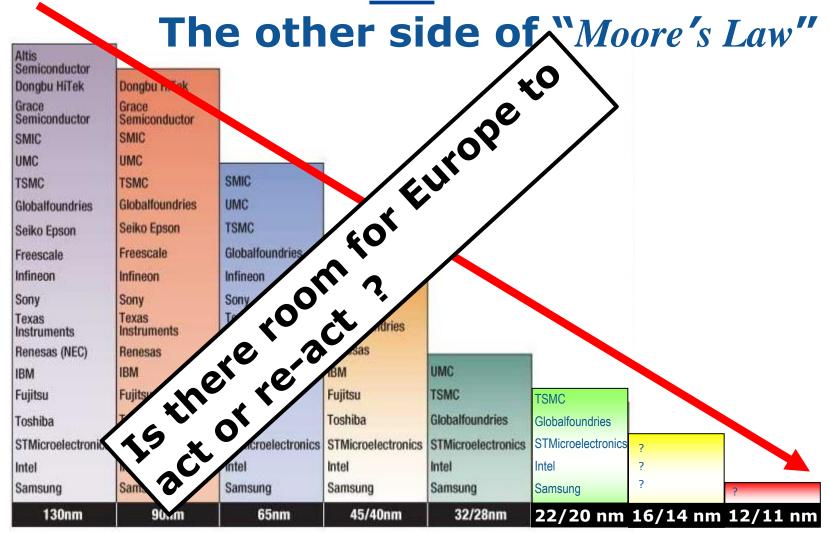
Microprocessor Transistor Counts 1971-2011 & Moore's Law



	Т	he o	ther	side	of "Moore's
Altis Semiconductor Dongbu HiTek	Dongbu M. Sak			Law	v"
Grace Semiconductor SMIC	Grace Semiconductor SMIC				
UMC	UMC				
TSMC	TSMC	SMIC			
Globalfoundries	Globalfoundries	UMC			
Seiko Epson	Seiko Epson	TSMC			
Freescale	Freescale	Globalfoundries	SMIC		
Infineon	Infineon	Infineon	UMC		
Sony	Sony	Sony	TSMC		
Texas Instruments	Texas Instruments	Texas Instruments	Globalfoundries		
Renesas (NEC)	Renesas	Renesas	Renesas		
IBM	IBM	IBM	IBM	UMC	
Fujitsu	Fujitsu	Fujitsu	Fujitsu	TSMC	TSMC
Toshiba	Toshiba	Toshiba	Toshiba	Globalfoundries	Globalfoundries
STMicroelectronics	STMicroelectronics	STMicroelectronics	STMicroelectronics	STMicroelectronics	STMicroelectronics ?
Intel	Intel	Intel	Intel	Intel	Intel ?
Samsung	Samsung	Samsung	Samsung	Samsung	Samsung ?
130nm	90nm	65nm	45/40nm	32/28nm	22/20 nm 16/14 nm 12/11 nm

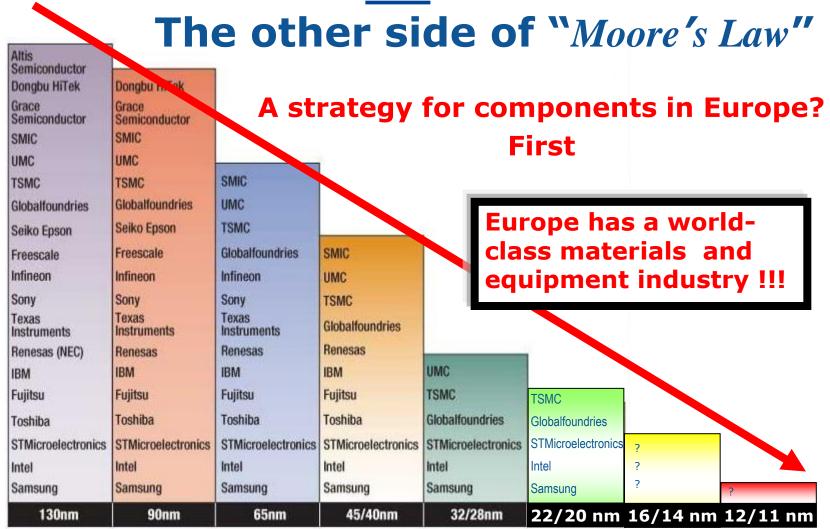
after IHS iSuppli 2011





after IHS iSuppli 2011





after IHS iSuppli 2011

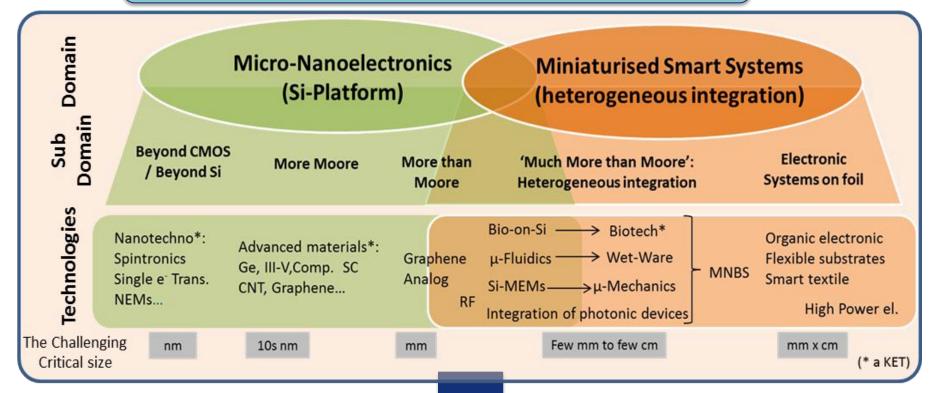


DRAFT FOR DISCUSSION

A strategy for components in Europe? Second.

Added value from diversification: There is more than Moore!

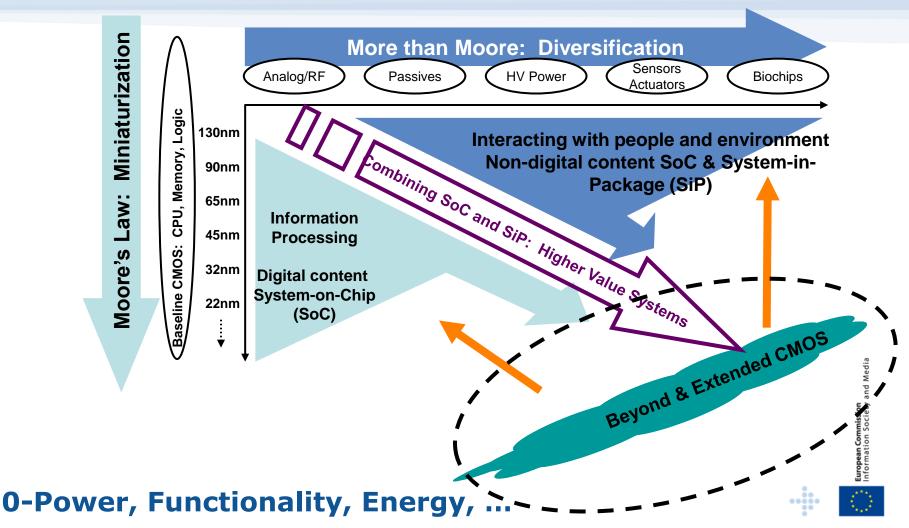
From Transistors to Miniaturised Smart Systems From nanometres to centimetres



A strategy for components in Europe? Third

"Small, integrated and Smarter

More Moore AND more than Moore

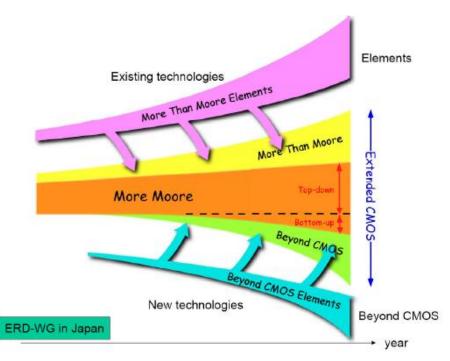


- Advanced components in advanced systems enabling pervasive applications -

A strategy for components in Europe? Fourth

(Very) Advanced Nano-electronics as system enablers and solution providers

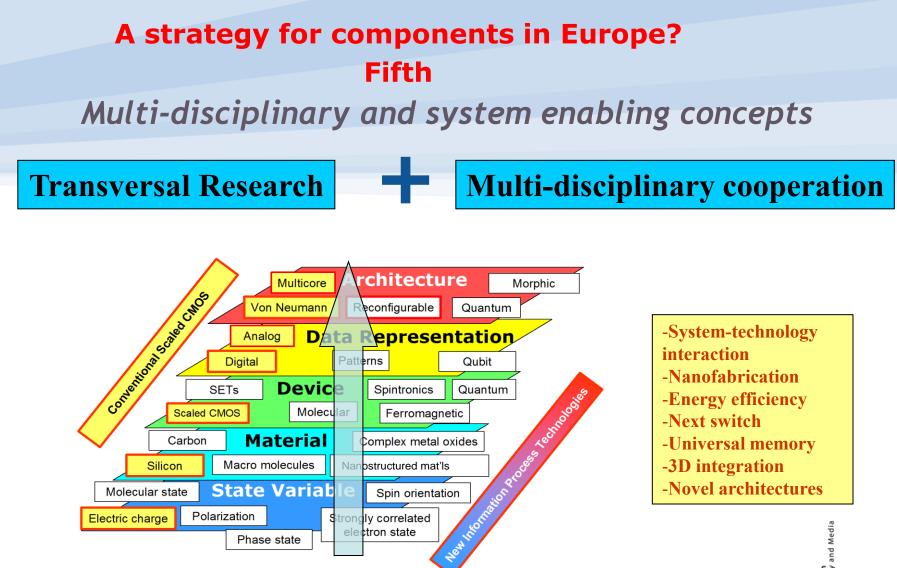
(energy, functionality, system-technology interaction,)



ITRS-ERD vision of the role of Beyond CMOS and More than Moore elements to form future extended CMOS platforms.

- Beyond CMOS and advanced More than Moore as an extended-CMOS vision.
- Hybridizing silicon with molecular switches, ferromagnetic logic, spin devices and sensors in order to *enable heterogeneous and morphic system architectures*.
- Integrate-ability, system-ability and manufacturability of novel technology and reliability are key factors.





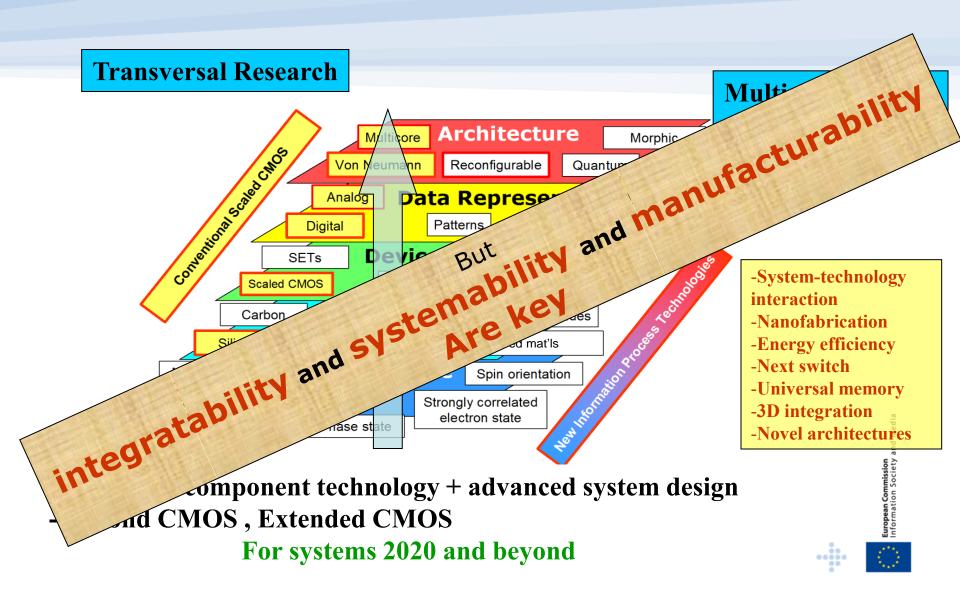
- Advanced component technology + advanced system design
- Beyond CMOS; Extended CMOS

For systems 2020 and beyond



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General system enabling concepts



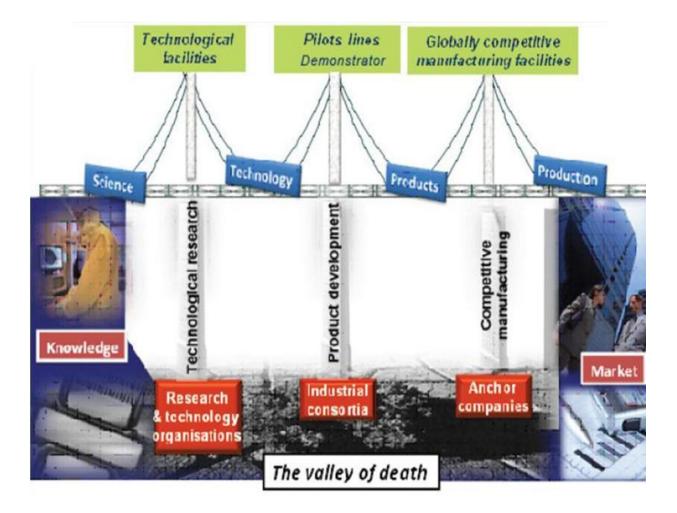


An integrated European industrial strategy on Electronics Components

- An 'aggressive' strategy beyond business as usual
 Reverse the trend of declining market share
 Remain and become a world leader in selected areas
 Focus on areas of strength
- A bold and 'holistic' approach combining policy instruments
 Full value chain (Research, Design, Manufacturing; More Moore & More than Moore, 200-300-450 mm)
 - •Full innovation chain (R&I&M, All TRL's bridge valley of death)
 - •Reach critical mass (MS, Smart Specialisation, ...)
 - Additional **policy actions** in line with KET approach (state aid, trade,.)
- Be at the forefront of research and technology development
- Access to finance (EIB, region<u>al funds</u>, ...) and **skills**



Address 3 pillars including Pilot Lines and Mfg





One bold initiative "Airbus for Electronics" (Neelie Kroes)

Bringing together micro/nano-electronics innovation and the application-pull of the system requirements (Smart Systems – Embedded Systems)

Covering the full value chain: equipment and materials, design and system integration – addressing manufacturing and lead markets, combining research, innovation and take-up

Pooling resources to respond to increasing costs of R&D&I – institutionalised PPP (JTI-type) with drastic simplification of the operational model



Opportunities next calls in FP7: 70% increase in period 2011-13

M€	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	TOTAL
PF7 ICT	1.189	1.217	1.227	1.241	1.382	1.582	1.760	9.597
CIP	58	52	105	113	120	135	149	732

The calls in 2013 will ensure a certain degree of continuity in priorities and at the same time serve as a bridge to activities in Horizon 2020.



Immediate opportunities

Challenge 3: alternative paths to components and systems

✓ 3,1 nano/microelectronics, (between FET (longer term, speculative) and ENIAC (shorter term, industrial)) overcoming barriers in devices and materials, system level limits, energy-efficiency, power density, design complexity issues, and cost.

✓3,2 photonics

✓ 3,3 heterogeneous integration and take-up of enabling technologies for components and systems: promote convergence of technologies to build energy and resource efficient components and systems and stimulate innovation by well-targeted take-up actions with emphasis on SMEs (users-suppliers)

✓3,4 advanced computing, embedded and control systems at a higher level

AndFET



Obj. 3.1 Nanoelectronics

Call 11 18.09.2012 - 16.04.2013 32 M€

- Integration of advanced devices and technologies (16nm and below)
 - ✓ MM: boost performance: Ge, III-V, Graphene, CNT, nanowires,...
 - ✓ MtM: boost functionalities: analog/Rf, magnetic tunnel junction,...
 - ✓ Beyond CMOS / Si switches: spintronics, single electron, NEMS,.
- Advanced manufacturing
 - ✓ MM, MtM and Beyond CMOS incl 3D
- Design, modelling and simulation
 - $\checkmark\,$ For advanced devices, components and systems
- International Co-operation
 - ✓ 'One action: a European strategy for 450mm in dialogue with G450C, the Us, Korea, and Taiwan'

3.3 Heterogeneous Integration and take-up of Key **Enabling Technologies for Components and Systems**

a) Integrating heterogeneous technologies

- Miniaturised smart systems i.
 - Hybrid integration of organic electronics and micro/nano electronics
- Further development and validation in real settings of micro-nano-bio III. and bio-photonics systems

EV Group, CEA-LETI, Soite **b)** Technology take-up and innovation support

- Assessment experiments in nano-electronics and smart systems i.
- ii. Access services
- A network of innovation multipliers iii.
- iv. eco-system for smart systems integration
- Deployment of bio-photonics and micro-nano-bio solutions ν.
- International co-operation Vİ.

Metrology Using X-Ray Techniques Jordan Valley, CEA-LETI, STMicroelectronics Crolles II, NXP Crolles R&D

İİ.

Semiconductor Equipment for Wafer Bonding with Plasma Activation

> Roll-to-Roll (Fast2Light)

(PYTHIA (Lab-on-Chip)



VECTOR

Call 10 10.07.2012 - 15.01.2013 64 M€











Summary FP7 – ICT WP2013

	Budget (M€)	Call 10	Call 11
Date of publication		10/7/12	18/9/12
Call deadline		15/1/13	16/4/13
3. Alternative Paths to Components and Systems	229.5		
3.1 Nanoelectronics			32
3.2 Photonics			61
3.3 Heterogeneous Integration and take-up of Key Enabling Technologies for Components and Systems		64	
3.4 Advanced Computing, embedded and Control systems		72.5	





Concluding Summary (1)

- EU2020: more needed than ever! Think smarter, greener, competitive – Think jobs and innovation (action and implement)
- **KET recommendations are major input to industrial policy, regional policy** (smart specialisation), **competition policy and H2020** driving key budgets and activities in H2020, ESF, EIB, State Aid, Regulation,..
- Increased demand for multifunctional solutions in emerging markets: personalised healthcare, security, environment, eVehicle,...
- H2020 not business as usual (from Research to Innovation, societal and technology driven,)





Concluding Summary (2)

- Nano-electronics/components with a wider system view: A shared bold strategy beyond research and innovation!
 - Whole value & innovation chain, including pilots & manufacturing to bridge "valley of death"
 - Cooperation and competition at European and International level
 - Strategic partnerships with competitors and users
 - Holistic approach: R&D&I&M and smart policies (regulation, state aid) to bring results in the market and to keep manufacturing in Europe
 - Disruptive advanced technologies & devices
 - Need to align the necessary budget and resources

An integrated approach for Europe to compete globally.

 "Advanced CMOS", "Beyond CMOS", "Extended CMOS" : Systemability, Integratability and Manufacturability are key.



THANK YOU

☺ And get involved in next calls. ☺



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DG CONNECT (Communications Networks, Content and Technology) / Horizon 2020 : <u>http://ec.europa.eu/dgs/connect/index_en.htm</u> <u>http://ec.europa.eu/research/horizon2020/index_en.cfm</u>



Neelie Kroes – 24 May 2012:

- "Imagine if we built a whole electronics ecosystem right here. Building on the leading technology institutes, and our world-class equipment and materials industry. Connecting the electronics industry with the markets that demand their innovations — public and private, research and industry, small and large business. And connecting with those who can train and supply skilled labour.
- Are we prepared to set strategic alliances, build value chains in Europe, set R&D priorities and invest further downstream?"